

## HIGH SIDE SMART POWER SOLID STATE RELAY

PRELIMINARY DATA

TYPE	V <sub>DSS</sub>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>
VN30NSP	60 V	0.03 Ω	45 A	26 V

- OUTPUT CURRENT (CONTINUOUS):  
45A @ T<sub>c</sub>=25°C
- 5V LOGIC LEVEL COMPATIBLE INPUT
- THERMAL SHUT-DOWN
- UNDER VOLTAGE SHUT-DOWN
- OPEN DRAIN DIAGNOSTIC OUTPUT
- VERY LOW STAND-BY POWER DISSIPATION

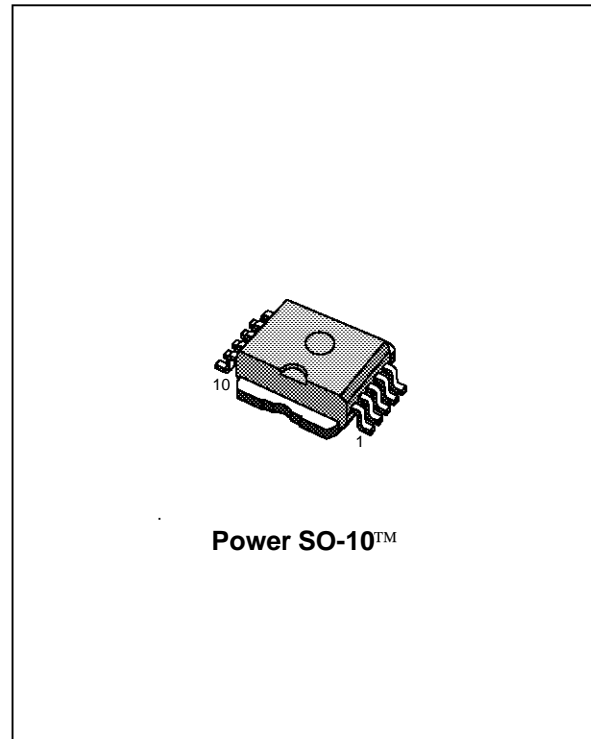
### DESCRIPTION

The VN30NSP is a monolithic device made using SGS-THOMSON Vertical Intelligent Power Technology, intended for driving resistive or inductive loads with one side grounded.

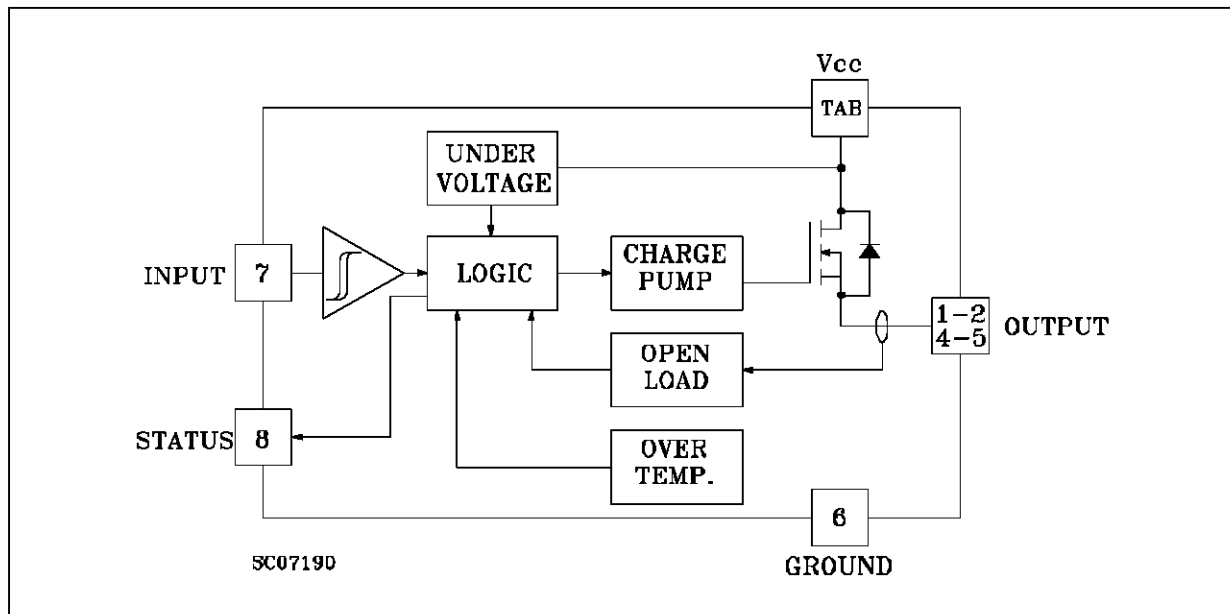
Built-in thermal shut-down protects the chip from over temperature and short circuit.

The input control is 5V logic level compatible.

The open drain diagnostic output indicates open circuit (no load) and over temperature status.



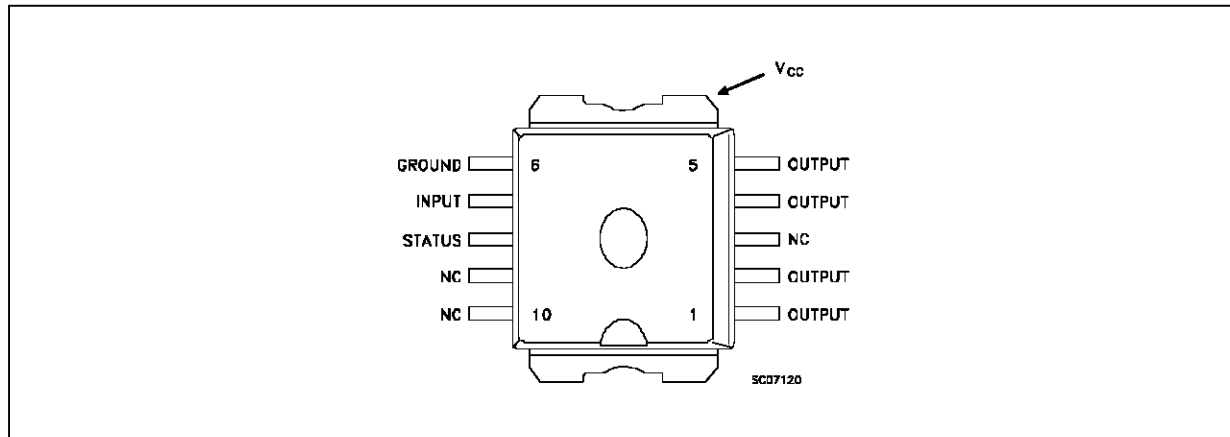
### BLOCK DIAGRAM



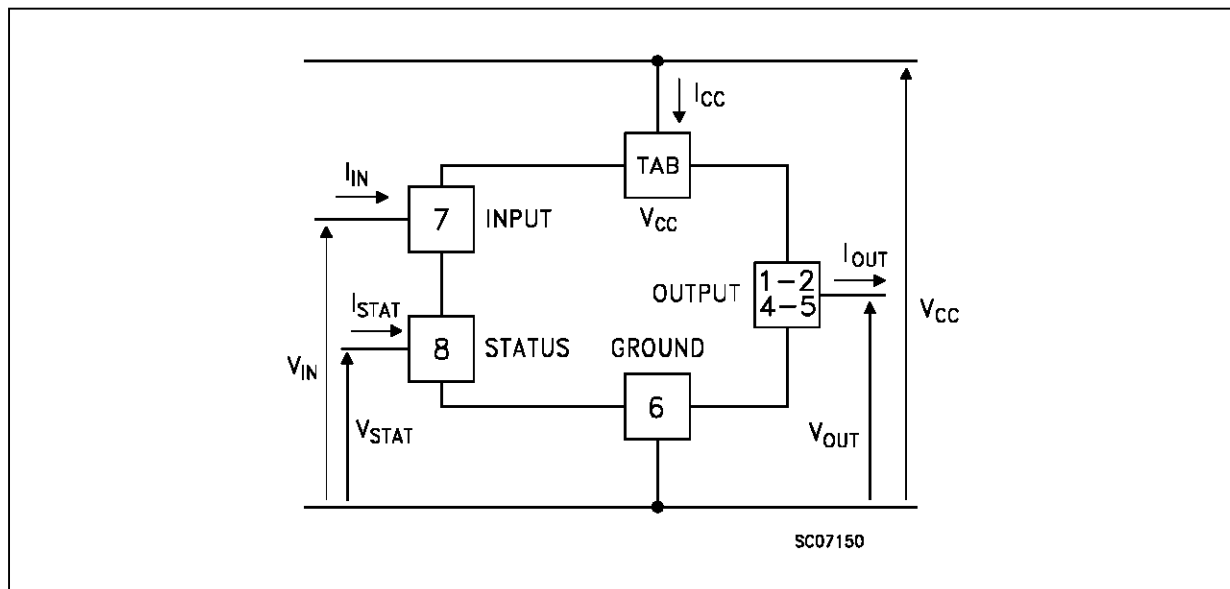
**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	60	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current (cont.)	45	A
$I_R$	Reverse Output Current	-45	A
$I_{IN}$	Input Current	$\pm 10$	mA
$-V_{CC}$	Reverse Supply Voltage	-4	V
$I_{STAT}$	Status Current	$\pm 10$	mA
$V_{ESD}$	Electrostatic Discharge (1.5 k $\Omega$ , 100 pF)	2000	V
$P_{tot}$	Power Dissipation at $T_c \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	108	W
$T_j$	Junction Operating Temperature	-40 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

**CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



**CURRENT AND VOLTAGE CONVENTIONS**



## THERMAL DATA

$R_{thj-case}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	1.15	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	50	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

( $\$$ ) When mounted using minimum recommended pad size on FR-4 board

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{CC} = 13\text{ V}$ ;  $-40 \leq T_j \leq 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

## POWER

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage		7		26	V
$R_{on}$	On State Resistance	$I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ $I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.06 0.03	$\Omega$ $\Omega$
$I_s$	Supply Current	Off State $T_j \geq 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ On State			50 15	$\mu\text{A}$ mA

## SWITCHING

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time Of Output Current	$I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ Resistive Load Input Rise Time $< 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		30		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_r$	Rise Time Of Output Current	$I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ Resistive Load Input Rise Time $< 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		100		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time Of Output Current	$I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ Resistive Load Input Rise Time $< 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		80		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_f$	Fall Time Of Output Current	$I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ Resistive Load Input Rise Time $< 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		40		$\mu\text{s}$
$(di/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on Current Slope	$I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ $I_{OUT} = I_{OV}$			0.5 3	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$(di/dt)_{off}$	Turn-off Current Slope	$I_{OUT} = 18\text{ A}$ $I_{OUT} = I_{OV}$			3 4	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

## LOGIC INPUT

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Level Voltage				0.8	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Level Voltage		2		(*)	V
$V_{I(hyst.)}$	Input Hysteresis Voltage			0.5		V
$I_{IN}$	Input Current	$V_{IN} = 5\text{ V}$		250	500	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{ICL}$	Input Clamp Voltage	$I_{IN} = 10\text{ mA}$ $I_{IN} = -10\text{ mA}$		6 -0.7		V V

## PROTECTIONS AND DIAGNOSTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{STAT} (\bullet)$	Status Voltage Output Low	$I_{STAT} = 1.6\text{ mA}$			0.4	V
$V_{USD}$	Under Voltage Shut Down			6.5	7	V

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)  
**PROTECTION AND DIAGNOSTICS** (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>SCL</sub> (•)	Status Clamp Voltage	I <sub>STAT</sub> = 10 mA I <sub>STAT</sub> = -10 mA		6 -0.7		V V
t <sub>SC</sub>	Switch-off Time in Short Circuit Condition at Start-Up	R <sub>LOAD</sub> < 10 mΩ T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C		1		ms
I <sub>OV</sub>	Over Current	R <sub>LOAD</sub> < 10 mΩ -40 ≤ T <sub>c</sub> ≤ 125 °C		140		A
I <sub>AV</sub>	Average Current in Short Circuit	R <sub>LOAD</sub> < 10 mΩ T <sub>c</sub> = 85 °C		2.5		A
I <sub>OL</sub>	Open Load Current Level		5		1250	mA
T <sub>TSD</sub>	Thermal Shut-down Temperature		140			°C
T <sub>R</sub>	Reset Temperature		125			°C

(\*) The V<sub>IH</sub> is internally clamped at 6V about. It is possible to connect this pin to an higher voltage via an external resistor calculated to not exceed 10 mA at the input pin.

(•) Status determination > 100 μs after the switching edge.

**FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The device has a diagnostic output which indicates open circuit (no load) and over temperature conditions. The output signals are processed by internal logic.

To protect the device against short circuit and over-current condition, the thermal protection turns the integrated Power MOS off at a minimum junction temperature of 140 °C. When the temperature returns to about 125 °C the switch is automatically turned on again.

In short circuit conditions the protection reacts with virtually no delay, the sensor being located in the region of the die where the heat is generated.

**PROTECTING THE DEVICE AGAINST REVERSE BATTERY**

The simplest way to protect the device against a continuous reverse battery voltage (-26V) is to insert a Schottky diode between pin 1 (GND) and ground, as shown in the typical application circuit (fig. 3).

The consequences of the voltage drop across this diode are as follows:

- If the input is pulled to power GND, a negative voltage of -V<sub>F</sub> is seen by the device. (V<sub>IL</sub>, V<sub>IH</sub> thresholds and V<sub>STAT</sub> are increased by V<sub>F</sub> with respect to power GND).
- The undervoltage shutdown level is increased by V<sub>F</sub>.

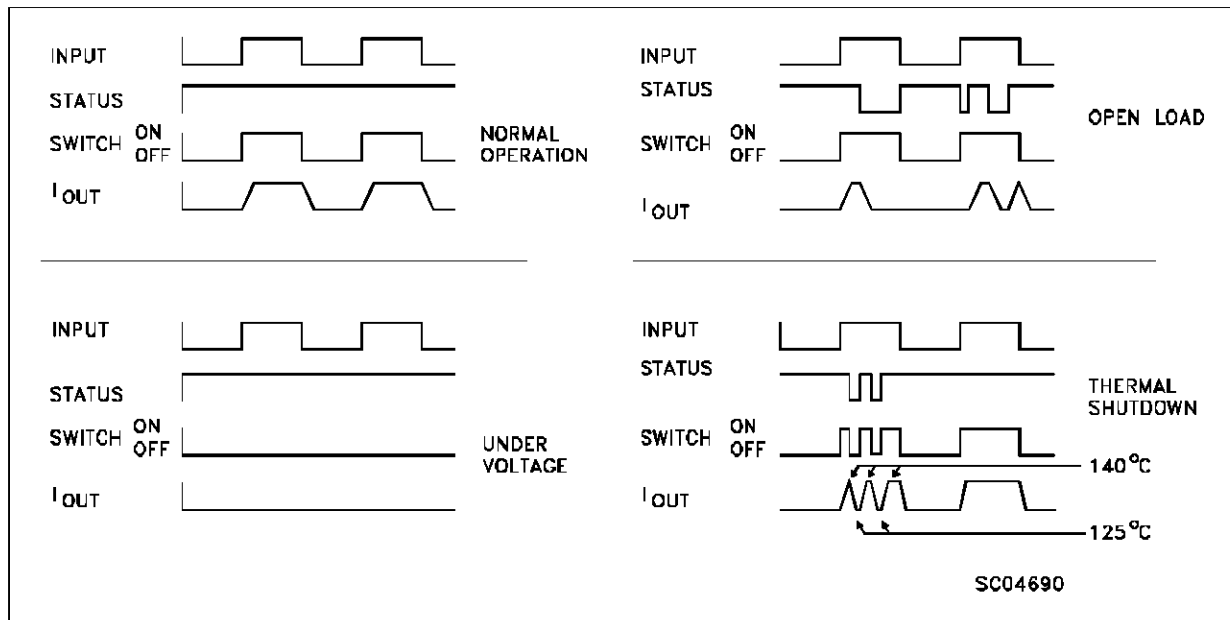
If there is no need for the control unit to handle external analog signals referred to the power GND, the best approach is to connect the reference potential of the control unit to node [1] (see application circuit in fig. 4), which becomes the common signal GND for the whole control board.

In this way no shift of V<sub>IH</sub>, V<sub>IL</sub> and V<sub>STAT</sub> takes place and no negative voltage appears on the INPUT pin; this solution allows the use of a standard diode, with a breakdown voltage able to handle any ISO normalized negative pulses that occurs in the automotive environment.

**TRUTH TABLE**

	INPUT	OUTPUT	DIAGNOSTIC
Normal Operation	L	L	H
	H	H	H
Open Circuit (No Load)	H	H	L
Over-temperature	H	L	L
Under-voltage	X	L	H

**Figure 1: Waveforms**



**Figure 2: Over Current Test Circuit**

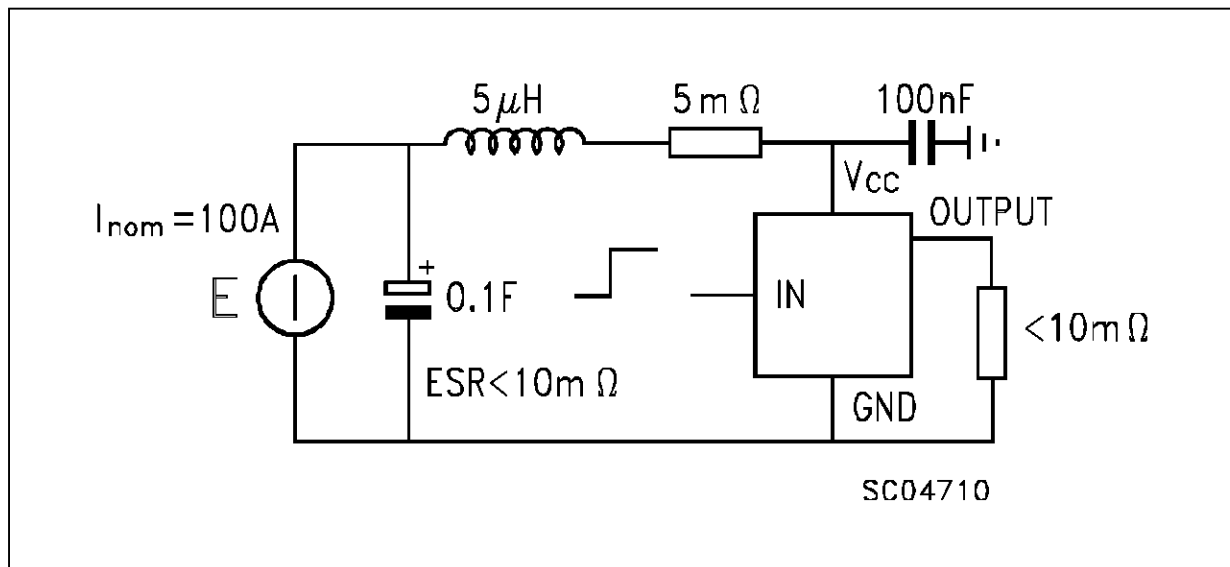


Figure 3: Typical Application Circuit With A Schottky Diode For Reverse Supply Protection

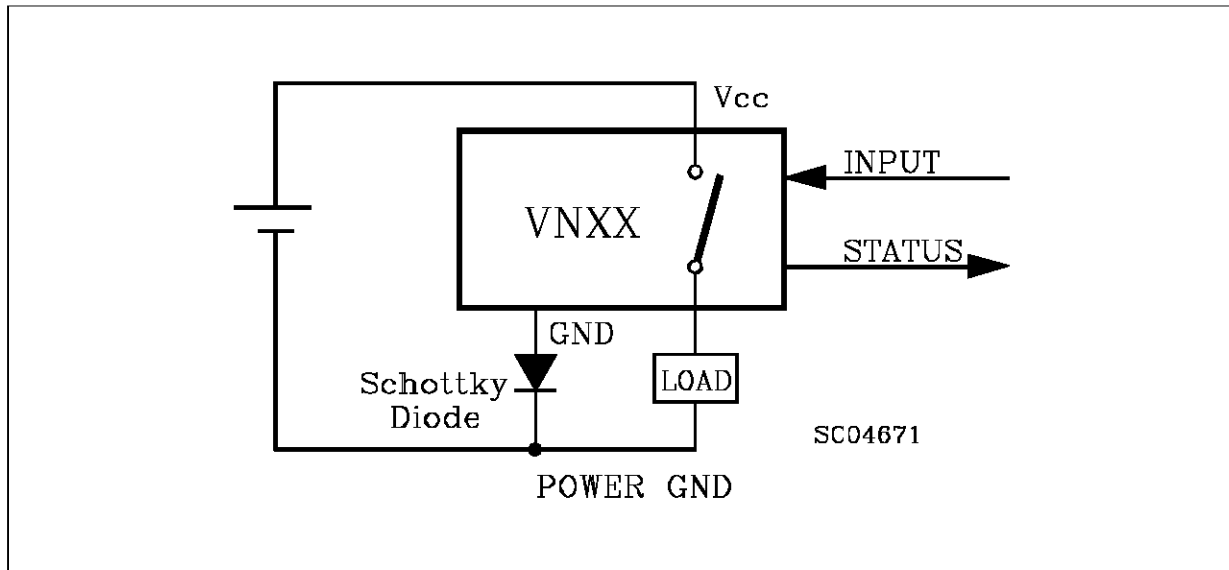
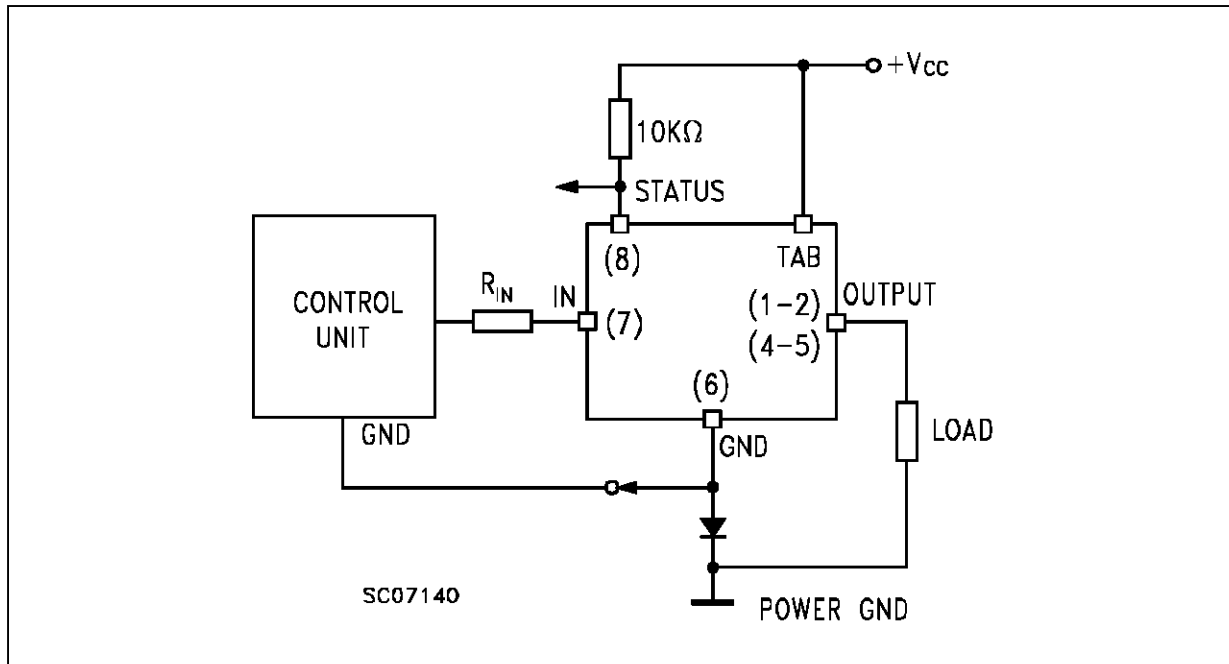
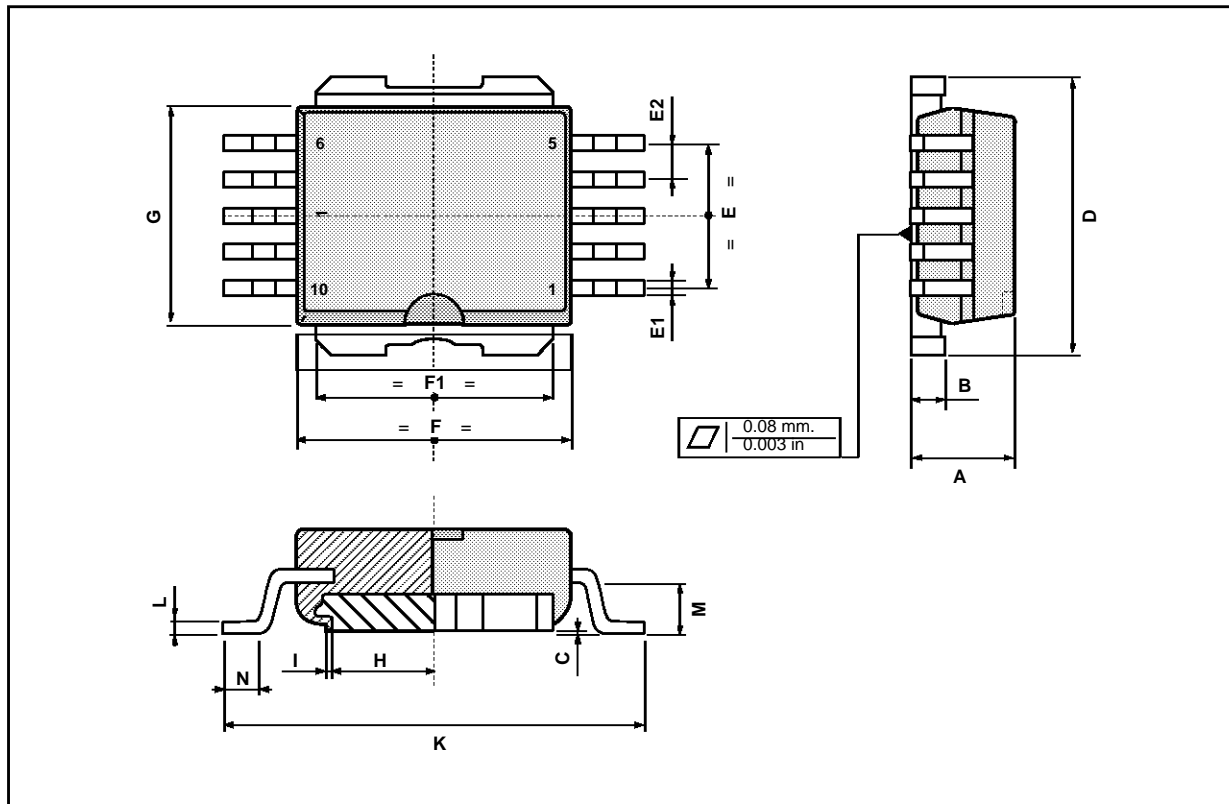


Figure 4: Typical Application Circuit With Separate Signal Ground



**Power SO-10 MECHANICAL DATA**

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	3.45	3.5	3.55	0.135	0.137	0.140
B		1.28	1.30		0.050	0.051
C			0.15			0.006
D	9.40	9.50	9.60	0.370	0.374	0.378
E	4.98	5.08	5.48	0.196	0.200	0.216
E1	0.40	0.45	0.60	0.016	0.018	0.024
E2	1.17	1.27	1.37	0.046	0.050	0.054
F	9.30	9.40	9.50	0.366	0.370	0.374
F1	7.95	8.00	8.15	0.313	0.315	0.321
G	7.40	7.50	7.60	0.291	0.295	0.299
H	6.80	6.90	7.00	0.267	0.417	0.421
I		0.10			0.004	
K	13.80	14.10	14.40	0.543	0.555	0.567
L		0.40	0.50		0.016	0.020
M	1.60	1.67	1.80	0.063	0.066	0.071
N	0.60	0.08	1.00	0.024	0.031	0.039



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